Registry of the Enlarged Board of Appeal
European Patent Office
Richard-Reitzner-Allee 8
85540 Haar
Germany

Attn. Mr Wiek Crasborn

Sent in advance by email to
EBAamicuscuriae@epo.org

30 September 2019

Amicus Curiae brief of epi concerning case G 3/19

Dear Chairman and Members of the Enlarged Board of Appeal,

Please find enclosed, in accordance with Article 10 of the Rules of Procedure of the Enlarged Board of Appeal, an amicus curiae brief of the Institute of Professional Representatives before the European Patent Office (epi) with regard to case G 3/19.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]

Helke Vogelsang-Wenke
Vice President

Encl.: Amicus Curiae brief of epi concerning case G 3/19
LETTER TO THE ENLARGED BOARD OF APPEAL ON G3/19

Dear Chairman and Members of the Enlarged Board of Appeal,

Re: Amicus Curiae Brief submitted by epi in the Case of G 3/19

epi, the Institute of Professional Representatives before the European Patent Office, is highly interested in the questions presented to the Enlarged Board of Appeal (EBA) in the case of G 3/19 and therefore respectfully submits the following observations.

1. epi refrains from presenting substantive arguments supporting either side of the debate. However, epi would like to present the following observations for consideration of the EBA.

1.1. epi notes that various amicus briefs raise the question of admissibility. We leave it to the EBA to decide on the admissibility of the present Referral. Nevertheless, epi suggests the EBA, if the Referral is considered inadmissible, to provide a detailed reasoning and an overview of the legal situation, including the decisions they endorse, as the EBA did in G3/08, so that the legal situation is further clarified for all stakeholders.

1.2. epi further notes that the EC Notice played a pivotal role in the introduction of Rule 28(2) EPC and in the Referral by the President, and that it could have a role in potential further proceedings beyond the decision of the EBA. epi therefore suggests the EBA to provide its view, independent from the decision of the EBA on admissibility, on whether the EC Notice could be viewed as "an international treaty relating to patents or European Community legislation relating to patents" in the sense of Article 33(1)(b) EPC; and whether or not it could be relied upon to justify an amendment of Article 53 EPC by the Administrative Council (AC).

1.3. In case the EBA should come to the conclusion that Rule 28(2) EPC was validly introduced and does not conflict with Art 53 EPC, epi would like to point to the difference between the narrow definition of "essentially biological processes" in Art 2(2) of Directive 98/44/EC (as must have been used by the Commission in drafting its notice on the interpretation of the Directive) and the broader definition emanating from EBA decisions G2/07 and G1/08, particularly in view of the impact the choice of definition may have had on the current practice of the Office, i.e. to impose a mandatory disclaimer based on the wording of Rule 28(2) in patent applications relating to truly technical processes (such as mutagenesis) and the plant products obtained thereby. epi would welcome any clarification the EBA might provide on this issue.
1.4. Furthermore, in the case mentioned in 1.3 above, epi suggests the EBA to consider establishing transitional measures to protect the legitimate expectations established by its earlier decisions.

1.5. Finally, epi suggests the EBA to treat the current Referral with special dispatch so as not to further delay the processing of applications presently in suspension or decisions on the validity of patents which were deemed consistent with the interpretation of Article 53(b) EPC set out in G 2/12 and G 2/13.

[Signature]
Heike Vogelsang-Wenke
Vice President