B+ Users’ Symposium
June 20, 2017
KINPA is a non-governmental cooperative body founded in 2008, for improving IP competitiveness through collaboration and sharing of expertise and experiences among our members.

Introduction

7 Committees (1 Task Force)

- Planning and Coordinating Committee
- Secretariat
- Board of Directors
- 7 Committees (1 Task Force)

(1) Patents
(2) Trademarks & Designs
(3) International Affairs
(4) IP Management

(5) IP Information
(6) Small/Mid-sized Ent. (SMEs)
(7) Licensing & Disputes
  - IP5 Task Force
Membership

- **Large-sized Companies**
  - LG
  - HYUNDAI
  - posco
  - SK
  - SAMSUNG
  - KOLON INDUSTRIES
  - kt
  - CJ
  - DOOSAN
  - Mando
  - HAN GLAS
  - AMOREPACIFIC
  - ...

- **Small & Medium-sized Companies**
  - IntroMedic
  - TES
  - JUSUNG
  - alticast
  - TOP ENGINEERING
  - KMW
  - Crucial Tec
  - ...

- **Chemical, Pharma, Life sciences, Foods, Cosmetics, etc.**
  - 39

- **Auto, Machinery, Metallurgy, etc.**
  - 142

- **Electronics, Semicon, Telecom, etc.**
  - 66
KINPA reaction

* Industry Trilateral (IT3) positions:
  1. Prior Art
  2. Conflicting Applications
  3. Grace Period (for Pre-Filing Disclosures)
  4. Prior User Rights Defense
  5. Mandatory Publication of Applications

‡ KINPA and KIPO are basically in agreement with all major points.
1. Prior Art

Definition: Willing to accept WIPO’s SCP 10/4 (with modified text of “filing/priority date”).

“The prior art with respect to a claimed invention shall consist of all information which has been made available to the public anywhere in the world in any form, before the filing/priority date of the claimed invention.”
1. Prior Art

Disclosures made in secret or covered by a confidentiality agreement: Should NOT be prior art.

Should be NO limitations as to the medium, language or geographical location for how the disclosures are made.
2. Conflicting Applications

Treat First Applicant & 3rd Party “Differently”

“Distance” between Secret Prior Art (SPA) and subsequently filed app (by Applicant or 3rd party)

No distance: Double Patenting
Short distance: “Anti-self collision” for Applicant

2. Conflicting Applications

Treatment of PCT Applications

Should be treated as prior art in all offices for which there is an active designation at the time of publication as of the PCT filing/priority date (= Alternative 1 in Exhibit 2)
3. Grace Period

For 12 months, All types, “Statement”

Why “12 months”? Better “safety net” for SMEs, universities, sole inventors, etc.

Why “All types”? Best for ensuring policy objectives (no exclusion of patent pubs.)

Why “Statement”? Burden to Applicant but better balancing of interests.
3. Grace Period

* Other details to be discussed:

Administrative Fees

Accelerated Publication

Defense of Intervening User (DIU)
4. Prior User Rights Defense

Scope: Include “preparations”

Condition: Independently and/or Good faith?

No special exceptions (to University owned patents)
5. Mandatory Publication of Pat. Apps.

Yes, but exceptions are needed (e.g. national security, public order, etc.)

Applicant should have option to request early publication.
Thank you!